



**G.H. Rasoni College of Engineering &  
Management, Wagholi, Pune – 412 207**  
(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to SPPU, Pune)

**Faculty of Engineering**

**Second Year B. Tech. Information Technology**  
**(Course 2017)**

**Course Book**

**(With effect from June 2017)**

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# About Institute

Lush green campus of G H Raisoni College of Engineering & Management (GHRCEM), Wagholi, Pune is on Ahmednagar road, 15 km from Pune Railway station and only 8 km away from airport. Very close to the Industrial Area, the environment at the sprawling campus is conducive to academic pursuits like class-room studies and research. The ergonomic design of building helps to generate a feeling of spaciousness and tranquility, with ample scope for future development and expansion. The institute has much needed student-friendly atmosphere and the courses have a distinct advantage of approach, designed to suit the needs of aspiring employees and the Industry in the close vicinity. The Institute will establish closer links with the industries around through Training & Placement Department.

## Objectives

- To spread good education among the message of rural and urban area.
- To advance the cause of national development and to initiate guidance centers, career development centers, research centers, centre of excellence, libraries and consultancy centers.
- To provide an ideal education without any religion bias with the principles of equality, fraternity, liberty, justice and respect for all.
- To undertake and facilitate research in various fields and establish institutions for this purpose.
- To create self discipline, value of manual labour, equality and morality amongst the students.
- To work for promotion and overall educational development of Hindi speaking community according to Government strategy.
- To promote education among economically backward classes and to provide free medical services to poor people.
- To help to register public trust having exclusive objective of proceeding advancement of secular education, medical education and research thereon.

# **Institute Vision & Mission**

## **VISION**

To achieve excellent standards of quality education by Keeping pace with rapidly changing technologies and to create technical manpower of global standards with capabilities of accepting new challenges.

## **MISSION**

Our efforts are be dedicated to impart quality and value based education to raise satisfaction level of all stakeholders. Our strength will be directed to create competent professionals. Our endeavor is be to provide all possible support to promote research and development activities.

# Department Vision & Mission

## VISION

To evolve as a center of excellence by developing a competent team of engineers, researchers, academicians, entrepreneurs and to prepare them ready for accepting rapid advancements in the field of Information Technology.

## MISSION

The Department strives to:

1. Achieve excellence in teaching learning process by imparting quality and value based education to the students through rigorous implementation of innovations in IT curriculum.
2. To produce competent IT professionals to contribute towards advancement of engineering and technology for the betterment of society.
3. To encourage faculty and students to get involved in outcome based research and development activities

## Program Educational Objectives

- PEO1:** To prepare the graduates to apply their knowledge to formulate, analyze ,design and implement feasible solutions to real life problems
- PEO2:** To prepare the graduates for getting engaged in higher study, research in the latest trends in IT industry
- PEO3:** To prepare the graduates to exhibit professionalism, ethics, soft skills, team work, multi-disciplinary approach, ability to learn latest trends in Information Technology.

## Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

- PSO1:** Graduates will possess an in-depth knowledge of fundamental and application oriented courses in Information Technology such as programming languages, networking, databases, data mining, distributed computing and information security.
- PSO2:** Graduates will have an ability to plan, deploy and test the accessible research resources for real life applications and to provide solutions with new innovative ideas.
- PSO3:** Graduates will demonstrate capability to work in teams and professional work environments along with the ability to use state of the art technologies and tools.

# Program Outcomes

1. **Engineering knowledge:** Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization for the solution of complex engineering problems.
2. **Problem analysis:** Identify, formulate, research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
3. **Design/development of solutions:** Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet t h e specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, and cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems:** Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
5. **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools, including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities, with an understanding of the limitations.
6. **The engineer and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal, and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
7. **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
8. **Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
9. **Individual and team work:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
10. **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with t h e society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
11. **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of t h e engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
12. **Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

**COURSE CODE**  
**SY B. TECH. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SEM-III**

SR.NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	SEM	SCHEME	SUBJECT	ELECTIVE	OFFER
1	BCOL201	Data Structures	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
2	BCOP201	Data Structures	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Practical	No	Yes
3	BCOL203	Computer Architecture & Organization	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
4	BEML204	Engineering Mathematics –III	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
5	BITL201	Digital Electronics & Logic Design	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
6	BITP201	Digital Electronics & Logic Design	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Practical	No	Yes
7	BITL202	Object Oriented Programming	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
8	BITP202	Object Oriented Programming	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Practical	No	Yes
9	BITP203	Internet Technologies Lab	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Practical	No	Yes
10	BITGP204	GENERAL PROFICIENCY:-II Foreign Language	III	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Practical	No	Yes



## COURSE CODE

### SY B. TECH. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SEMESTER-IV

SR.NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	SEM	SCHEME	SUBJECT	ELECTIVE	OFFER
1	BCOL202	Microprocessor Based Systems	IV	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
2	BCOP202	Microprocessor Based Systems	IV	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Practical	No	Yes
3	BCOL303	Theory of Computation	IV	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
4	BITL205	Graph Theory & Combinatorics	IV	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
5	BCOL206	Operating system	IV	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
6	BCOP206	Operating System	IV	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Practical	No	Yes
7	BITL206	Data Communication	IV	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Theory	No	Yes
8	BITGP207	GENERAL PROFICIENCY-III : Hobby classes	IV	UG IT ENGINEERING 2017-18 [AUTONOMOUS]	Practical	No	Yes

# Course Structure

## SY B.Tech.IT

### (Sem. III & IV)

**DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHEME OF SY B. Tech. (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)**  
**Semester III**

\*TAE will be based on Home Assignment, Seminar, Quiz, Surprise Test, Group Discussion, Debate, General Behavior, Attentiveness and Attendance.

Sub. Code	Name of the Course	Teaching Scheme				Credits	Evaluation Scheme						Duration of Paper Hours
							Theory			Practical		Total	
		Th	Tu	Pr	Total	TAE (20)	CAE (20)	ESE (20)	Cont. Ass.	Ext.			
BCOL201	Data Structures	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BCOP201	Data Structures	-	-	4	4	2	-	-	-	25	25	50	3
BCOL203	Computer Architecture & Organization	3	-	-	3	3	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BEML204	Engineering Mathematics –III	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITL201	Digital Electronics & Logic Design	3	-	-	3	3	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITP201	Digital Electronics & Logic Design	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	25	-	25	-
BITL202	Object Oriented Programming	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITP202	Object Oriented Programming	-	-	4	4	2	-	-	-	25	25	50	3
BITP203	Internet Technologies Lab	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	25	-	25	-
BITGP204	General Proficiency:-II: Foreign Language	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heads	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>650</b>	

TAE – Teachers Assessment Examination  
CAE – Class Assessment Examination  
ESE – End Semester Examination  
Cont. Ass – Continuous Assessment

Th - Theory  
Tu – Tutorial  
Pr – Practical  
Ext - External

**DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHEME OF SY B. Tech. (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)**  
**Semester IV**

\*TAE will be based on Home Assignment, Seminar, Quiz, Surprise Test, Group Discussion, Debate, General Behavior, Attentiveness and Attendance.

Sub. Code	Name of the Course	Teaching Scheme				Credits	Evaluation Scheme						Duration of Paper Hours
							Theory			Practical		Total	
		Th	Tu	Pr	Total		TAE (20)	CAE (20)	ESE (20)	Cont. Ass.	Ext.		
BCOL202	Microprocessor Based Systems	4		-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BCOP202	Microprocessor Based Systems	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	25	25	50	3
BCOL303	Theory of Computation	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITL205	Graph Theory & Combinatorics	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BCOL206	Operating system	4		-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BCOP206	Operating system	-	-	4	4	2	-	-	-	25	25	50	3
BITL206	Data Communication	4			4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITGP207	General Proficiency:-III: Hobby classes	1	-	2	3	Audit course	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heads	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>600</b>	

TAE – Teachers Assessment Examination  
 CAE – Class Assessment Examination  
 ESE – End Semester Examination  
 Cont. Ass – Continuous Assessment

Th - Theory  
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# **Course Syllabus**

## **SY B. Tech. IT**

### **SEM-III**

**DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHEME OF SY B. Tech. (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)**  
**Semester III**

\*TAE will be based on Home Assignment, Seminar, Quiz, Surprise Test, Group Discussion, Debate, General Behavior, Attentiveness and Attendance.

Sub. Code	Name of the Course	Teaching Scheme				Credits	Evaluation Scheme					Duration of Paper Hours	
							Theory			Practical			Total
		Th	Tu	Pr	Total		TAE (20)	CAE (20)	ESE (20)	Cont. Ass.	Ext.		
BCOL201	Data Structures	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BCOP201	Data Structures	-	-	4	4	2	-	-	-	25	25	50	3
BCOL203	Computer Architecture & Organization	3	-	-	3	3	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BEML204	Engineering Mathematics –III	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITL201	Digital Electronics & Logic Design	3	-	-	3	3	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITP201	Digital Electronics & Logic Design	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	25	-	25	-
BITL202	Object Oriented Programming	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITP202	Object Oriented Programming	-	-	4	4	2	-	-	-	25	25	50	3
BITP203	Internet Technologies Lab	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	25	-	25	-
BITGP204	General Proficiency:-II: Foreign Language	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Heads</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>650</b>	

TAE – Teachers Assessment Examination

Th - Theory

CAE – Class Assessment Examination

Tu – Tutorial

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Pr – Practical

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Ext – External

**G.H. Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BCOL201 DATA STRUCTURES**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 03 Hours/Week TU:01 Hour/Week	<b>Credit</b> <b>04</b>	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> TAE: 20 Marks CAE: 20 Marks ESE: 60 Marks
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**Prerequisite:-** Programming in C

**Course Objectives:**

1. To gain knowledge about basic concepts of data structures.
2. To learn the representation, implementation and applications of linear data structures.
3. To acquire knowledge of stacks and queues with their applications.
4. To aware about the concepts of trees with their applications.
5. To learn and design the algorithm for graphs with their applications.
6. To get the knowledge of tables and multi-way trees.

**Course Outcomes:**

Graduates shall be able to:

1. Describe concepts of data structures.
2. Design different programming solutions using the concepts of linked list.
3. Apply the knowledge of stacks and queues for solving real life applications.
4. Describe the concepts and applications of trees.
5. Describe the concepts of graphs and its applications.
6. Apply the knowledge of tables and multi way trees in different applications.

**Course Contents**

<b>Unit I</b>	<b>Review of C</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
Functions: Parameter passing call by value and call by reference, scope rules, functions and pointers, function returning pointer and pointer to function, String manipulations using arrays, pointer to pointer. Structure and Union: Passing and returning structure as parameter for function, structure and pointer, Recursion: Definition, writing recursive functions & how recursion works.		
<b>Unit II</b>	<b>Sorting and searching techniques</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
Need of sorting and searching, sorting order & stability in sorting. <b>Sorting Techniques:</b> Algorithms for Bubble sort, Selection sort, Insertion sort, Shell sort, Radix sort, Quick sort and Merge sort. Analysis of Bubble, Insertion and Quick sorting technique for best, worst and average case, Concept of Internal & External sorting. <b>Searching Techniques:</b> Algorithms for Sequential search, Binary search, Fibonacci search & concept of Index Sequential search, analysis of sequential and binary searching technique for best, worst and average case.		
<b>Unit III</b>	<b>Linear Data Structures using Link List Organization</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Limitations of static memory allocation. Dynamic memory allocation in C. Concept of linked organization, Singly linked list, Doubly linked list, Circular linked list. Operations like insertion, deletion,		

traversal & other operations on these data structures. <b>Applications:</b> Representation & manipulation of polynomials using circular linked lists, Application of doubly linked list in dynamic storage management.		
<b>Unit IV</b>	<b>Stacks and Queue</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
<p><b>Stacks:</b> Concept of stack as ADT, Representation and implementation of stack using sequential &amp; linked organization.</p> <p><b>Applications of Stacks:</b>, Arithmetic expression conversion &amp; evaluation, reversing a string, parsing : well-formed parenthesis checking.</p> <p><b>Queues:</b> Concept of queue as ADT, Representation and implementation of linear queue &amp; circular queue using sequential organization.</p> <p><b>Applications of Queues:</b> Job scheduling, Queue simulation, Categorizing data, Types of Queue: Priority Queue, DEQUE.</p>		
<b>Unit V</b>	<b>Trees</b>	<b>09 Hours</b>
Basic tree concepts, binary trees and their properties, representation using linked organization, full and complete binary trees, converting tree to a binary tree, binary tree traversals, Binary search trees & operations. BST as an ADT, Threaded binary trees, Insertion and deletion of nodes in in-order threaded binary tree, pre-order, in-order and post order traversals of in-order threaded binary tree, AVL tree, and applications of trees: Gaming and Expression trees.		
<b>Unit VI</b>	<b>Graphs</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
Graph as an ADT, operations, graphs storage structures: Adjacency list, Adjacency Matrix, Traversals: DFS, BFS, Minimum spanning trees: Kruskal's and Prim's. Algorithm for shortest path and topological sorting.		
<b>Books:</b>		
<b>Text:</b>		
1. Horowitz,Sahani, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C" second edition, Universities Press.		
<b>Reference:</b>		
1. Thomos H. Corman, Charls E. Leiserson, Ronald E. Rivest, Clifford Stein,"Introduction to Algorithms", Third Edition, Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd.		
2. Data Structures using c,Aron M. Tanenbaum, Pearson Education, 1 Edition(2003).		



**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BCOP201 DATA STRUCTURES**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> PR: 04 Hours/Week	<b>Credit</b> 02	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> Cont. Ass: 25 Marks Ext. : 25 Marks <b>Total: 50 Marks</b>
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**Guidelines for Instructor's Manual**

The instructor's manual is to be developed as a hands-on resource and reference. The instructor's manual need to include prologue (about University/program/ institute/ department/foreword/ preface etc), University syllabus, conduction & Assessment guidelines, topics under consideration-concept, objectives, outcomes.

**Guidelines for Student's Lab Journal**

The laboratory assignments are to be submitted by student in the form of journal. Journal consists of prologue, Certificate, table of contents, and **handwritten write-up** of each assignment (Title, Objectives, Problem Statement, Outcomes, software & Hardware requirements, Date of Completion, Assessment grade/marks and assessor's sign, Theory- Concept, conclusion/analysis). As a conscious effort and little contribution towards Green IT and environment awareness, attaching printed papers as part of write-ups and program listing to journal may be avoided.

**Guidelines for Lab /TW Assessment**

Continuous assessment of laboratory work is done based on overall performance and lab performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment should assign grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficiency, punctuality and neatness.

**Guidelines for Laboratory Conduction**

The instructor is expected to frame the assignments by understanding the prerequisites, technological aspects, utility and recent trends related to the topic. The assignment framing policy need to address the average students and inclusive of an element to attract and promote the intelligent students. The instructor may set multiple sets of assignments and distribute among batches of students. It is appreciated if the assignments are based on real world problems/applications.

**Guidelines for Practical Examination**

Both internal and external examiners should jointly set problem statements. During practical assessment, the expert evaluator should give the maximum weightage to the satisfactory implementation of the problem statement. The supplementary and relevant questions may be asked at the time of evaluation to test the student's for advanced learning, understanding of the fundamentals, effective and efficient implementation. So encouraging efforts, transparent evaluation and fair approach of the evaluator will not create any uncertainty or doubt in the minds of the students. So adhering to these principles will consummate our team efforts to the promising start of the student's academics.

**Course Objectives:---**

1. To understand the Basic concepts of data structures.
2. To learn the representation, implementation and applications of linear data structures.

3. To understand the concepts of stacks and queues with their applications.
4. To understand the concepts of trees with their applications.

**Course Outcomes:-**

Student shall be able to:

1. Implement the Basic concepts of data structures.
2. Implement the concepts of linked list.
3. Develop applications of stacks and queues.
4. Develop the applications of trees.
5. Implement graph and its applications.
6. Use the knowledge of tables and multi way trees in different applications.

Sr.No	List of Laboratory Assignments
1	Write a program to perform Set operations - Union, Intersection, Difference, and Symmetric Difference.
2	Write a program to perform various string operations such as Copy, Length, Reversing, Palindrome, and Concatenation and to find occurrence substring with and without using library functions.
3	Implement Sorting Methods using functions- Bubble Sort, Selection Sort and Quick Sort.
4	Implement Sorting Methods using Insertion Sort, and Shell Sort, and Merge Sort.
5	Implement Searching Methods-Sequential Search, Binary Search.
6	Write a menu driven program to perform following operations on SLL: Create, Insert – Start, end, between, Search & delete -- Start, end, between, Reverse without creating temporary list, Display.
7	Perform polynomial addition using a CLL.
8	Implement Stack using an array and use this stack to perform conversion of an expression from infix to postfix form.
9	Implement Stack using a linked list. Use this stack to perform evaluation of a postfix expression.
10	Implement binary tree using linked list and perform recursive and non-recursive traversals.
11	Implement in-order threaded binary tree using linked list and perform traversals.
12	Implement graph using adjacency list or matrix and perform DFS and BFS.
13	Implement graph using adjacency matrix and generate minimum spanning tree using Prim's algorithm.
14	Determine single source shortest paths for a graph represented using adjacency matrix.
15	Mini Project - Implement the Mini Project of Student Database using Linked list for following requirements: a. Creation of Student Database in memory containing student ID, Name, Name Initials, Address, Contact No and Date of Birth . b. Insertion, Deletion, Modification of student record for a given student ID. c. Sorting on name initials and searching a particular student record on name initials.

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BCOL203 COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE & ORGANIZATION**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 03 Hours/Week	<b>Credit</b> 03	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> TAE: 20 Marks CAE: 20 Marks ESE: 60 Marks
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**Prerequisite:-** Basics of Electronics Engineering

**Course Objectives:**

1. To introduce basic fundamental units of a computer system.
2. To perform arithmetic operations using various algorithms.
3. To develop skills to understand control unit design.
4. To build concepts of memory system.
5. To study communication of I/O devices.
6. To enhance knowledge of parallel system.

**Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Describe fundamental units of computer architecture.
2. Apply concept of fixed and floating point arithmetic.
3. Identify different types of control unit.
4. Analyze organization and design of memory system.
5. Identify different ways of communicating with I/O devices and interfaces.
6. Describe working of parallel systems.

**Course Contents**

<b>Unit I</b>	<b>Basic Structure of Computers</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
The Evaluation of Computers, VLSI Era, Processor architecture, Performance Measures, System Architecture, Functional Units, Basic operational concepts, Von Neumann Architecture, Bus architecture, Addressing modes, Execution of a Complete Instruction.		
<b>Unit II</b>	<b>Data Path Unit</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Scalar Data Types, Fixed and Floating point numbers, Signed numbers, Integer Arithmetic, 2's complement method for multiplication, Booths Algorithm, Division, Restoring and Non Restoring algorithms, Floating point representations, IEEE standards, Floating point arithmetic.		
<b>Unit III</b>	<b>Processing Unit</b>	<b>06 Hours</b>
Basic Concept, Hardwired control, Micro programmed Control, Coprocessor, Pipeline Control, Pipeline Performance		
<b>Unit IV</b>	<b>Memory Organization</b>	<b>08Hours</b>
Characteristics of memory, Internal and External Memory, Types of memory: ROM: PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, RAM: SRAM, DRAM, SDRAM,RDRAM, Cache Memory, Organization and Mapping Techniques, Replacement Algorithms, Cache Coherence, MESI protocol. Virtual Memory, Associative		

Memory		
<b>Unit V</b>	<b>Input /Output Organization</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
I/O mapped I/O and memory mapped I/O, interrupts and interrupts handling mechanisms, vectored interrupts, synchronous vs. asynchronous data transfer, Direct Memory, Access computer peripheral: I/O devices such as magnetic disk, magnetic tape, CDROM, USB systems.		
<b>Unit VI</b>	<b>Parallel Organizations</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
Superscalar Processors, Multiple Processor Organizations, Symmetric Multiprocessors, Clusters, Non-uniform Memory Access, Vector Computations, Bus allocation Schemes. <b>RISC</b> : Instruction execution characteristics, use of large register file, compiler based register optimization, RISC architecture and pipelining. RISC Vs CISC.		
<b>Books:</b>		
<b>Text:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. John Hayes, 'Computer Architecture and Organization', McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition</li> <li>2. V.C.Hamacher, Z.G.Vranesic and S.G.Zaky, 'Computer Organization', McGraw Hill, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, 2002.</li> </ol>		
<b>Reference:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A. S. Tanenbaum, "Structured Computer Organization" 4th Edition, Pearson Education</li> <li>2. M Mano, "Computer System and Architecture", Pearson Education</li> <li>3. W. Stallings, "Computer Organization &amp; Architecture", Pearson Education</li> </ol>		

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BEML204 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS III**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 03 Hours/Week TU:01 Hour/ Week	<b>Credit</b> <b>04</b>	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> TAE: 20 Marks CAE: 20 Marks ESE: 60 Marks
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**Prerequisite:-** Engineering Mathematics I, Engineering Mathematics II

**Course Objectives:**

After completing this course, student will have adequate mathematical background, conceptual Clarity, computational skills and algorithm design for problem solving related to:

- 1 Linear differential equations of higher order applicable to Control systems, Computer vision and Robotics.
- 2 Transform techniques such as Fourier transform, Z-transform and applications to Image processing.
- 3 Statistical methods such as correlation, regression analysis and probability theory to analyze data and to make predictions applicable to machine intelligence.
- 4 Complex functions, conformal mappings and contour integration applicable to Image processing, Digital filters and Computer graphics

**Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to–

- 1 Solve higher order linear differential equation using appropriate techniques for modeling and analyzing electrical circuits.
- 2 Solve problems related to Z-Transform and applications to Signal processing.
- 3 Solve problems on image processing using Fourier transform.
- 4 Solve examples on statistical methods like correlation, regression analysis and probability theory for analysis.
- 5 Apply probability distribution effectively for solving problems.
- 6 Solve problems on analytic function and complex function within the given range of function.

**Course Contents**

<b>Unit I</b>	<b>Linear Differential Equations (LDE) and Applications</b>	<b>09 Hours</b>
LDE of nth order with constant coefficients, Method of variation of parameters, Cauchy's & Legendre's DE, Simultaneous & Symmetric simultaneous DE. Modeling of Electrical circuits		
<b>Unit II</b>	<b>Z-Transforms</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
The Z transform- definition & properties, inverse & relation with Laplace Transform, Application to z transform to solve difference equations with constant coefficients.		
<b>Unit III</b>	<b>Fourier Series</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
Periodic function & their Fourier expansion, even & odd function, change of interval, half range		

expansion, Fourier Transforms: Fourier Integral theorem, Fourier transforms and their simple properties

<b>Unit IV</b>	<b>Statistics</b>	<b>06 Hours</b>
Measures of central tendency, Standard deviation, Coefficient of variation, Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis, Correlation and Regression, Reliability of Regression Estimates		
<b>Unit V</b>	<b>Probability and Probability Distributions</b>	<b>06 Hours</b>
Probability, Theorems on Probability Bays Theorem, Random variables, Mathematical Expectation, Probability Density function, Probability distributions: Binomial, Poisson, Normal & Hypergeometric, Test of Hypothesis: Chi-Square test, t-distribution		
<b>Unit VI</b>	<b>Complex Variables</b>	<b>09 Hours</b>
Functions of Complex variables, Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations, Conformal mapping, Bilinear transformation, Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, Laurent's series, and Residue theorem		
<b>Books:</b>		
Text:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Grewal B.S, 'Higher Engineering Mathematics', Khanna Publishers, 38<sup>th</sup> edition 2004</li><li>2. Kreyszig E, 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics', John Wiley &amp; Sons, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, 2000.</li></ol>		
Reference:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Chandrika Prasad, 'Mathematics for Engineer', S Chand Publication</li><li>2. Peter O'Neil, 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics', Cengage Learning, 2007</li><li>3. Jain R.K. and Iyengar, S.R.K., 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics', Narosa Publishers, 2003.</li><li>4. H. K. Dass, 'Engineering Mathematics', S. Chand Publication, New Delhi</li></ol>		

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BITL201 DIGITAL ELECTRONICS & LOGIC DESIGN**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> <b>TH: 03 Hours/Week</b>	<b>Credit</b> <b>03</b>	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> <b>TAE: 20 Marks</b> <b>CAE: 20 Marks</b> <b>ESE: 60 Marks</b>
<b>Prerequisites:</b> Basic Electronics Engineering		
<b>Course Objective:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To Possess knowledge and skills in designing of different code convertors.</li> <li>2. To develop, design and implement skills of combinational and sequential circuits .</li> <li>3. To learn and understand basics of Programmable Logic Devices.</li> <li>4. Use the knowledge of digital electronics concept to design a digital system.</li> <li>5. Understand basic digital design techniques.</li> <li>6. To introduce digital logic design software such as VHDL.</li> </ol>		
<b>Course Outcome:</b>		
<p>Upon completion of the course, graduates will be able to -</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Minimize logical equations and design code convertors</li> <li>2. Construct Combinational and Sequential circuits</li> <li>3. Validate design outputs using standard test equipments</li> <li>4. Describe Programmable Logic Devices</li> <li>5. Design of sequential circuits using ASM</li> <li>6. Design &amp; develop an application using VHDL</li> </ol>		
<b>Course Contents</b>		
<b>UNIT – I :</b>	<b>NUMBER SYSTEM AND CODES</b>	<b>8 Hours</b>
Introduction, Binary number System, Sign-Magnitude representation, One's and Two's complement representation, Binary arithmetic, 2's complement arithmetic, Octal number System, Hexadecimal number System, BCD code, Excess-3 code, Graycode. Code conversion, Boolean algebra: Basic theorems and properties, K-Map: Representation of truth-table, SOP form, POS form, Simplification of logical functions, Minimization of SOP forms using K- Map. Code converters		
<b>UNIT – II :</b>	<b>COMBINATIONAL &amp; SEQUENTIAL LOGIC CIRCUITS</b>	<b>8 Hours</b>
<p><b>Part A:</b> Half- Adder, Full Adder, Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor, Binary adder (IC 7483), look ahead carry generator Introduction to MSI functions &amp; chips - Multiplexers (IC 74153), Decoder / Demultiplexer (IC 74138), Encoder</p> <p><b>Part B:</b> Introduction of flip-flop (F.F), 1 bit memory cell, clocked S-R F.F., J-K F.F. race around condition, M/S J-K F.F, flip-flop truth table, excitation table, flip-flop conversion, flip flop characteristics. T and D F.F, Design of 4 – bit UP-Down ripple counter using J-K flip-flop, Design of Synchronous 3 bit up/down counter,</p>		

mod-n counters (IC -7490)		
<b>UNIT – III :</b>	<b>DESIGN OF SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS</b>	<b>7 Hours</b>
Shift register (SISO, SIPO, PISO & PIPO), 4 bit bi-directional universal shift register, application of shift registers (Ring counter, Sequence generator, Johnson's counter.) Introduction to PLD's:- ROM, PAL, PLA, Applications of PLAs to implement combinational and sequential logic circuits Introduction to :FPGA, CPLD.		
<b>UNIT – IV :</b>	<b>LOGIC FAMILIES</b>	<b>6 Hours</b>
Characteristics of Digital ICs: Speed, Power dissipation, fan-out, current and voltage parameters, noise margin, operating temperature etc., TTL: Operation of TTL NAND gate, Standard TTL, TTL Characteristics, Active pull-up, Wired-AND, totem pole, open collector, Unconnected Inputs. CMOS Logic: CMOS Inverter, CMOS characteristics.		
<b>UNIT – V :</b>	<b>ALGORITHMIC STATE MACHINES</b>	<b>6 Hours</b>
Algorithmic State Machines: Finite State Machines (FSM) and ASM, ASM charts, notations, construction of ASM chart and realization for sequential circuits, Sequence Generator, Types of Counters.		
<b>UNIT – VI :</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION TO VHDL AND PROGRAMMING</b>	<b>6 Hours</b>
Introduction to VHDL - Library, Package, Entity, Architecture, Data Objects (Variable, signal & constant), Data Types (scalar, composite array type & predefined data types, Attributes (necessity and use. event attribute) VHDL Modeling styles – Dataflow, behavioral & structural VHDL statements - Concurrent Statements (With Select, When Else), Sequential Statements (if else, case) VHDL design Examples - Multiplexer, binary adder, counter, shift register		
<b>Books:</b>		
<b>Text:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. R. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003, ISBN 0 – 07 – 049492 – 4</li> <li>2. "A VHDL Primer", J. Bhaskar, Englewood Cliffs, Prentice Hall, 1994, ISBN-13: 978-0131814479, 2nd Edition</li> </ol>		
<b>Reference:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Digital Design", M. Mano, Pearson Education, 2002, ISBN - 81 - 7808 - 555 – 0, 3rd Edition.</li> <li>2. Malvino, D. Leach " Digital Principles and Applications", 5th edition, Tata McGraw Hill</li> </ol>		



**G.H. Rasoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BITP201 DIGITAL ELECTRONICS & LOGIC DESIGN**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 02 Hours/Week	<b>Credit</b> 01	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> Cont. Ass: 25 Marks Ext. : -- <b>Total: 25 Marks</b>
<p><b>Guidelines for Instructor's Manual</b></p> <p>The instructor's manual is to be developed as a hands-on resource and reference. The instructor's manual need to include prologue (about University/program/ institute/ department/foreword/ preface etc), University syllabus, conduction &amp; Assessment guidelines, topics under consideration- concept, objectives, outcomes.</p>		
<p><b>Guidelines for Student's Lab Journal</b></p> <p>The laboratory assignments are to be submitted by student in the form of journal. Journal consists of prologue, Certificate, table of contents, and <b>handwritten write-up</b> of each assignment (Title, Objectives, Problem Statement, Outcomes, software &amp; Hardware requirements, Date of Completion, Assessment grade/marks and assessor's sign, Theory- Concept, conclusion/analysis). As a conscious effort and little contribution towards Green IT and environment awareness, attaching printed papers as part of write-ups and program listing to journal may be avoided.</p>		
<p><b>Guidelines for Lab /TW Assessment</b></p> <p>Continuous assessment of laboratory work is done based on overall performance and lab performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment should assign grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficiency, punctuality and neatness.</p>		
<p><b>Guidelines for Laboratory Conduction</b></p> <p>The instructor is expected to frame the assignments by understanding the prerequisites, technological aspects, utility and recent trends related to the topic. The assignment framing policy need to address the average students and inclusive of an element to attract and promote the intelligent students. The instructor may set multiple sets of assignments and distribute among batches of students. It is appreciated if the assignments are based on real world problems/applications.</p>		
<p><b>Guidelines for Practical Examination</b></p> <p>Both internal and external examiners should jointly set problem statements. During practical assessment, the expert evaluator should give the maximum weightage to the satisfactory implementation of the problem statement. The supplementary and relevant questions may be asked at the time of evaluation to test the student's for advanced learning, understanding of the fundamentals, effective and efficient implementation. So encouraging efforts, transparent evaluation and fair approach of the evaluator will not create any uncertainty or doubt in the minds of the students. So adhering to these principles will consummate our team efforts to the promising</p>		

start of the student's academics.

**Pre-requisite:** NA

**Course Objectives:**

1. To Possess knowledge and skills in designing of different code convertors
2. To develop, design and implement skill of combinational and sequential circuits
3. To learn and understand basics of Programmable Logic Devices
4. Use the knowledge of digital electronics concept to design a digital system
5. Understand basic digital design techniques.
6. To introduce digital logic design software such as VHDL Programming.

**Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course, graduates will be able to -

1. Design & implement code convertors
2. Design & implement Sequential circuits
3. Validate design outputs using standards test equipment
4. Describe Programmable Logic Devices
5. Design of sequential circuits by using ASM
6. Design & develop an application using VHDL

Sr.No	List of Laboratory Assignments
1	Design (truth table, K-map) and implementation of 4 bit Code convertors. i. Binary to gray and vice versa ii. BCD to Excess-3 and vice versa
2	Multiplexer - e.g. 16:1 Mux using 4:1 Mux (IC 74153) &. Decoder – (IC 74138)HA/FA.
3	Verify the truth table of one bit and two bit comparators using logic gates and IC(7485).
4	BCD adder –using IC 7483
5	Synchronous 2 bit up down Counter
6	Ripple (asynchronous) mod –N counter using IC 7490.
7	Design (State diagram, state table, K map, Bush table & Bush diagram) and implementation of Sequence Generator (with & without bushing) shift register IC 74194.
8	Full adder using behavioral &structure modeling in VHDL
9	4:1 multiplexer using dataflow &structure modeling in VHDL

**G.H. Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BITL202: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 03Hours/Week Tu: 01 Hours/Week	<b>Credit</b> <b>04</b>	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> TAE: 20 Marks CAE: 20 Marks ESE: 60 Marks
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**Prerequisite:- Programming in C**

**Course Objectives:**

1. To learn and understand the difference between object oriented programming and procedural programming.
2. To understand the concepts of dynamic memory allocation & functions.
3. To be aware about the concepts of constructor, destructor & operator overloading.
4. To learn and understand the concepts of inheritance and polymorphism.
5. To recognize the console I/O operations & templates.
6. To learn advanced techniques such as exception handling and file handling.

**Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

1. Describe the procedural and object oriented paradigm with concepts of streams, classes, functions, data and objects .
2. Implement dynamic memory allocation techniques & different types of functions.
3. Describe & implement the concept of constructor ,destructor & operator overloading.
4. Classify & implement inheritance with the concept of virtual functions and polymorphism.
5. Implement the console I/O operations & templates
6. Apply advanced techniques such as exception handling and file handling.

**Course Contents**

<b>Unit I</b>	<b>Principles Of Object Oriented Programming</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
<p>Introduction of Procedure oriented programming, object oriented programming paradigm.  <b>Fundamental of object oriented programming:</b> objects, classes, data members, methods, messages, data encapsulation, data abstraction and information hiding, inheritance, polymorphism, benefits of OOP, application of OOP.  <b>Beginning with C++:</b> Introduction of C++, Simple C++ Program, Structure of C++, Creating Source File, Compiling and Linking, cin, cout, iostream, and namespace.</p>		
<b>Unit II</b>	<b>Function in C++</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
<p>Tokens, identifiers and constant, keywords, data types, operators, variables, expression and control structure, static and dynamic memory allocation, default and constant argument.  <b>Function in C++:</b> Introduction, function prototype, call by reference, return by reference, inline function, defining member functions.</p>		
<b>Unit III</b>	<b>Constructors and Operator overloading</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
<b>Constructor:</b> Introduction to constructor, types of constructors (default, parameterized and copy		

constructor), destructors

**Operator Overloading:** Introduction to operator overloading, rules of operator overloading, unary and binary operator overloading, operator overloading using friend function and using member function, type of conversion.

<b>Unit IV</b>	<b>Inheritance and polymorphism</b>	<b>06 Hours</b>
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**Inheritance:** Introduction, Need of inheritance, types of inheritance, ambiguity in multiple inheritance, base and derived classes, member access control, virtual base class

**Polymorphism:** Introduction, pointer, pointers to object, this pointers, pointer to derived classes, virtual function and pure virtual function.

**Console I/O operations:** Introduction, C++ stream, C++ streams classes, I/O operations formatted and unformatted I/O operations

**Templates:** Class templates, class templates with multiple parameters, function templates, function templates with multiple parameters.

<b>Unit V</b>	<b>Console I/O operations and Templates</b>	<b>06 Hours</b>
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**Console I/O operations:** Introduction, C++ stream, C++ streams classes, I/O operations formatted and unformatted I/O operations

**Templates:** Class templates, class templates with multiple parameters, function templates, function templates with multiple parameters

<b>Unit VI</b>	<b>Exceptions and File handling</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
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**Exception handling:** introduction, basic of exception handling, mechanism of exception handling: try, catch, throw

**File handling:** Introduction, Classes for file stream operations, file operations: open, close, read, write, detect end of file, file modes, File pointers and their manipulations, error handling during file operations.

**Books:**

**Text:**

1. Object oriented programming with C++, E Balagurusamy, 4th edition, TMH
2. Object Oriented Programming in C++ -Robert Lafore, edition, Galgotia publications
3. The Complete Reference C++, Herbert Schildt, 4th Edition, TMH

**Reference:**

1. Let's C++ by Y. Kanetkar, BPB publications
2. Object Oriented Programming in C++ -Robert Lafore, edition, Galgotia publications
3. Object-Oriented Programming with C++, SouravSahay, Oxford University Press, 2006

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BITP202: OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 04 Hours/Week	<b>Credit</b> 02	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> Cont. Ass: 25 Marks Ext. : 25 Marks <b>Total: 50Marks</b>
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**Guidelines for Instructor's Manual**

The instructor's manual is to be developed as a hands-on resource and reference. The instructor's manual need to include prologue (about University/program/ institute/ department/foreword/preface etc), University syllabus, conduction & Assessment guidelines, topics under consideration-concept, objectives, outcomes.

**Guidelines for Student's Lab Journal**

The laboratory assignments are to be submitted by student in the form of journal. Journal consists of prologue, Certificate, table of contents, and **handwritten write-up** of each assignment (Title, Objectives, Problem Statement, Outcomes, software & Hardware requirements, Date of Completion, Assessment grade/marks and assessor's sign, Theory- Concept, conclusion/analysis).  
 As a conscious effort and little contribution towards Green IT and environment awareness, attaching printed papers as part of write-ups and program listing to journal may be avoided.

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The instructor is expected to frame the assignments by understanding the prerequisites, technological aspects, utility and recent trends related to the topic. The assignment framing policy need to address the average students and inclusive of an element to attract and promote the intelligent students. The instructor may set multiple sets of assignments and distribute among batches of students. It is appreciated if the assignments are based on real world problems/applications.

**Guidelines for Practical Examination**

Both internal and external examiners should jointly set problem statements. During practical assessment, the expert evaluator should give the maximum weightage to the satisfactory implementation of the problem statement. The supplementary and relevant questions may be asked at the time of evaluation to test the student's for advanced learning, understanding of the fundamentals, effective and efficient implementation. So encouraging efforts, transparent evaluation and fair approach of the evaluator will not create any uncertainty or doubt in the minds of the students. So adhering to these principles will consummate our team efforts to the promising start of the student's academics.

**Course Objectives:**

1. To learn and understand the difference between object oriented programming and procedural programming .
2. To understand the concepts of dynamic memory allocation & functions.
3. To be aware of concepts of constructor, destructor & operator overloading.
4. To learn and understand the concept of inheritance and polymorphism.
5. To recognize the console I/O operations & templates.
6. Learn advanced techniques such as exception handling and file handling.

**Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

1. Develop solutions for a range of problems using objects and classes.
2. Implement algorithms utilizing the principles of object oriented programming to solve simple problems.
3. Demonstrate the implementation of constructors, destructors and operator overloading.
4. Apply fundamental algorithmic problems including type casting, inheritance, and polymorphism.
5. Understand & implement console I/O operations & templates.
6. Design & implement application using file & exception handling

Sr.No	List of Laboratory Assignments
1	Write a C++ program to accept and display student details like student name, roll number, class, and phone number and address using member function and class name as student.
2	Write a C++ program for book details using structure variable.
3	Write a C++ program to calculate the area of triangle and rectangle using friend function.
4	Write a C++ program to generate the weather report using constructor.
5	Write a C++ program to add and subtract two complex number using operators overloading with constructor (default and parameterized).
6	Write a C++ program to find volume of cube, cylinder using virtual function.
7	Write a C++ program for employee salary details using inheritance.
8	Write a C++ program using multiple inheritance to create student bio-data using following classes i) Personal record ii)Academic record Assume appropriate data members and member function to accept required data & print bio-data.
9	Write a in C++ using function template to read two matrices of integer data type and perform addition operations on these matrices and display it.
10.	Implement various file handling operations using GUI application .

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BITP203 Internet Technologies Lab**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> PR: 02 Hours/Week	<b>Credit</b> 01	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> Cont. Ass: 25 Marks Ext: -- <b>Total: 25 Marks</b>
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**Guidelines for Instructor's Manual**

The instructor's manual is to be developed as a hands-on resource and reference. The instructor's manual need to include prologue (about University/program/ institute/ department/foreword/preface etc), University syllabus, conduction & Assessment guidelines, topics under consideration-concept, objectives, outcomes.

**Guidelines for Student's Lab Journal**

The laboratory assignments are to be submitted by student in the form of journal. Journal consists of prologue, Certificate, table of contents, and **handwritten write-up** of each assignment (Title, Objectives, Problem Statement, Outcomes, software & Hardware requirements, Date of Completion, Assessment grade/marks and assessor's sign, Theory- Concept, conclusion/analysis).

As a conscious effort and little contribution towards Green IT and environment awareness, attaching printed papers as part of write-ups and program listing to journal may be avoided.

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Continuous assessment of laboratory work is done based on overall performance and lab performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment should assign grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficiency, punctuality and neatness.

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**Guidelines for Practical Examination**

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**Course Objectives:---**

1. To discuss concepts ,principles & methods of web Engineering
2. To develop learning ability of Scripting Languages.
3. Identify the basic constructs, technique and issues related to application development.
4. To develop technical competency for CGI & Perl language.
5. To understand the engineering aspect of web technology.
6. To understand and apply Web development processes.

**Course Outcomes:-**

Upon completion of the course, graduates will be able to,

1. Implement the concepts ,principles& methods of web engineering
2. Implement programs using Scripting languages.
3. Demonstrate the basic constructs, techniques and issues related to application development
4. Demonstrate technical competency for CGI & Perl language.
5. To design and develop website using current Web technologies.
6. Apply the principles & methods to develop complex web applications.

Sr.No	List of Laboratory Assignments
1	Design a simple page and put two text inputs and a Submit button into it. Ask for the user's name, address, city, state, zip. Arrange things neatly in a borderless table so everything lines up and looks nice and neat.
2	Create a Table of Student Information in HTML using appropriate fields.
3	Create Registration form for social network site.
4	Design a Web Page using Image & give link to image.
5	Create a Frame [Page contains two frames] first frame should contain simple form & second frame should contain simple Table.
6	Design a Web page to show Java script validation.
7	Design a web page using Java Script Event Handling.
8	Design a web page to demonstrate the cascading style sheet in HTML.
9	Design a Web Page using Perl language for class record.
10	Write XML code for student Database.
11	Design a website using Content management system of WordPress. Make the use of different plug-ins and themes of the WordPress.



**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BITGP204 GENERAL PROFICIENCY - II : Foreign Language**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 01 Hour/Week PR: 02 Hours/Week	<b>Credit</b> <b>Audit Course</b>	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> --
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**Prerequisite:- Nil**

**Course Objectives:**

1. To learn foreign languages to improve inter personal skills.
2. To enable improving business communications and having access to literature in globally recognized languages.
3. To help communicate at international forums and explore opportunities for employment

**Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Communicate effectively in more than one globally recognized language like French, Spanish, German, Japanese, etc.
2. Interact with technical and business communities at international forums.

**Course Contents:**

Topics	Learning Goals	Activities
The Alphabets and accents	Pronunciations techniques	Worksheet and charts
Number 1 to 20		
Greetings & Salutations,	Articles , Personal Pronoun Day timing	Daily routines forms of respects , Vocabulary
Family and relations	Shapes and colors , Possessive Pronouns , Gender , Negative Sentence	Relations, Day of week
Weather and Seasons	Climate , Fabrics & Clothes , sizes , interrogatives , Basic verbs	Group Activities , Paragraph writing including , Names of months , Seasons, Sky , Stars
House & Household things.	Describing neighborhood Present Tense	Furniture , Household articles, Colors
Visit to supermarket	Learning the shopping	Project on vocabulary of

	etiquettes , vocabulary of food items , conversing with shopkeepers etc , Plurals	vegetables and fruits , Bakery products , Group Activity / Role play
Timing , Telephonic Conversations	How to Ask time , converse on telephone	Timing and clock ( Hours & Minutes )
Visit to city , Prominent places and park	Nature , Directions , Means of transportations, Tenses contd....	Self introductions , Role-play , preparing charts
In Restaurant / Hotel	Ordering eatables , Table manner .Verbs	Enhancing vocabulary of food Dishes , cutlery
Visit to Doctor.	Health matters, illness. Commonly used verbs contd.	Worksheets , projects
French / German /Spanish culture – monuments , delicacies , wines visa vis Indian culture Diwali festival	Vocabulary of clothes , Accessories , Cuisines , Beverages , Adjectives	Presentations by students , situation based conversations
Receiving Guests/ Entertaining people / Good Bye's	Customs , Traditions , Manners , welcome & Audieu's	Activities , Role play , Assignments

**Note: Based on above content, faculty can perform 8-10 practicals/activities.**

# **Course Syllabus**

**SY-B.Tech : SEM-IV**

**DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHEME OF SY B. Tech. (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)**

**Semester IV**

\*TAE will be based on Home Assignment, Seminar, Quiz, Surprise Test, Group Discussion, Debate, General Behavior, Attentiveness and Attendance

Sub. Code	Name of the Course	Teaching Scheme				Credits	Evaluation Scheme					Duration of Paper Hours	
							Theory			Practical			Total
		Th	Tu	Pr	Total		TAE (20)	CAE (20)	ESE (20)	Cont. Ass.	Ext.		
BCOL202	Microprocessor Based Systems	4		-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BCOP202	Microprocessor Based Systems	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	25	25	50	3
BCOL303	Theory of Computation	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITL205	Graph Theory & Combinatorics	3	1	-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BCOL206	Operating system	4		-	4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BCOP206	Operating system	-	-	4	4	2	-	-	-	25	25	50	3
BITL206	Data Communication	4			4	4	20	20	60	-	-	100	3
BITGP207	General Proficiency:-III: Hobby classes	1	-	2	3	Audit course	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Heads</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>600</b>	

TAE – Teachers Assessment Examination

Th - Theory

CAE – Class Assessment Examination

Tu – Tutorial

ESE – End Semester Examination

Pr – Practical

Cont. Ass – Continuous Assessment

Ext - External

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BCOL202 MICROPROCESSOR BASED SYSTEMS**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 04 Hours/Week	<b>Credit</b> <b>04</b>	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> TAE: 20 Marks CAE: 20 Marks ESE: 60 Marks
<b>Prerequisite:-</b> NA		
<b>Course Objectives:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To get familiar with the basic of microprocessor.</li> <li>2. To gain knowledge about programming of microprocessor.</li> <li>3. To acquire knowledge of basic peripherals and their interfacing with 8086 microprocessor</li> <li>4. To ensure understanding of special purpose programmable peripheral devices and their interfacing</li> <li>5. To learn and describe the design of microprocessor based systems</li> <li>6. To identify and describe the recent advancements in microprocessor architectures</li> </ol>		
<b>Course Outcomes:</b> Graduate shall be able to: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Understand the taxonomy of microprocessors and knowledge of contemporary microprocessors.</li> <li>2. Demonstrate programming using the various addressing modes and instruction set of 8086 microprocessor</li> <li>3. Understand the concept &amp; types of interrupts</li> <li>4. Demonstrate Interfacing of special purpose programmable peripheral devices with microprocessor</li> <li>5. Understand architecture , memory management &amp; multitasking of 80386 microprocessor</li> <li>6. Study recent advancements in microprocessor architectures</li> </ol>		
<b>Course Contents</b>		
<b>Unit I</b>	<b>Introduction to 8086 Microprocessor</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Building Concepts of Microprocessor, Introduction to 16, 32, 64 bit Microprocessor, Comparison of 8086 / 8088 CPU Architecture, Microprocessor Evolution - INTEL 8086 to Pentium with focus on-Clock Speed, Concurrent operation of EU and BIU, Register organization, Memory Organization & Interfacing.		
<b>Unit II</b>	<b>8086 Programming</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Addressing modes, Instruction set, Programming examples, Pseudo Opcodes, Assembler Directives, Macro and procedure, Introduction to Software and Hardware tools. [Cross assemblers, Logic analyzers, Emulators, Simulators		
<b>Unit III</b>	<b>Interrupt Structure</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Examples on Programming. Interrupt Structure , Interrupt service Routine, Interrupt Vector Table, Hardware and Software Interrupts, INTR ,NMI , Interrupt, Execution of an ISR, Priority of Interrupts.		
<b>Unit IV</b>	<b>8255 Interfacing</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Interfacing and programming of Peripheral 8255, Interfacing of ADC, DAC & applications. Interfacing and programming of Peripheral 8253		
<b>Unit V</b>	<b>Advanced Microprocessor-I</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>

80386 Architecture, Real and Protected Mode, Register Model, Memory Management Unit, Address pipelined, Segmentation- support registers

<b>Unit VI</b>	<b>Advanced Microprocessor-II</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
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logical to linear/physical address translation in real and protectionmode, Privileged instructions , Introduction of Dual Core Processor

**Books:**

**Text:**

1. A.K. Ray & K.M. Bhurchandi, Advanced Microprocessors and peripherals- Architectures, Programming and Interfacing, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill Education India Pvt.Ltd., 2007
2. Yu-cheng Liu, Glenn A.Gibson, Microcomputer systems: The 8086 / 8088 Family architecture, Programming and Design, Second Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2007

**Reference Books :**

1. Kenneth Ayala, The 8086 Microprocessor : Programming & Interfacing the PC, Second Edition, Cengage Delmar Learning, 1992
2. Barry B. Brey, The Intel Microprocessors: 8086/8088, 80186/80188, 80286, 80386, 80486, Pentium, Pentium Pro Processor, Pentium II, Pentium III, Pentium 4 and Core2 with 64 - bit Extensions, Eighth Edition,Pearson Education, 2009
3. Walter A. Triebel, Avtar Singh, The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors: Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware, and Applications, Fourth Edition, Pearson, 2002
4. Roy W. Goody, Programming and Interfacing the 8086/8088 Microprocessor : A Product-Development Laboratory Process, Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 1992
5. Thomas P. Skinner, An Introduction to 8086/8088 Assembly Language Programming, Second Edition
6. Wiley, John & Sons, Incorporated, 1987

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BCOP202 MICROPROCESSOR BASED SYSTEMS**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> PR: 02 Hours/ Week	<b>Credit</b> 01	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> Cont. Ass: 25 Marks Ext. : 25 Marks <b>Total: 50 Marks</b>
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**Guidelines for Instructor's Manual**

The instructor's manual is to be developed as a hands-on resource and reference. The instructor's manual need to include prologue (about University/program/ institute/ department/foreword/preface etc), University syllabus, conduction & Assessment guidelines, topics under consideration-concept, objectives, outcomes.

**Guidelines for Student's Lab Journal**

The laboratory assignments are to be submitted by student in the form of journal. Journal consists of prologue, Certificate, table of contents, and **handwritten write-up** of each assignment (Title, Objectives, Problem Statement, Outcomes, software & Hardware requirements, Date of Completion, Assessment grade/marks and assessor's sign, Theory- Concept, conclusion/analysis).  
 As a conscious effort and little contribution towards Green IT and environment awareness, attaching printed papers as part of write-ups and program listing to journal may be avoided.

**Guidelines for Lab /TW Assessment**

Continuous assessment of laboratory work is done based on overall performance and lab performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment should assign grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficiency, punctuality and neatness.

**Guidelines for Laboratory Conduction**

The instructor is expected to frame the assignments by understanding the prerequisites, technological aspects, utility and recent trends related to the topic. The assignment framing policy need to address the average students and inclusive of an element to attract and promote the intelligent students. The instructor may set multiple sets of assignments and distribute among batches of students. It is appreciated if the assignments are based on real world problems/applications.

**Guidelines for Practical Examination**

Both internal and external examiners should jointly set problem statements. During practical assessment, the expert evaluator should give the maximum weightage to the satisfactory implementation of the problem statement. The supplementary and relevant questions may be asked at the time of evaluation to test the student's for advanced learning, understanding of the fundamentals, effective and efficient implementation. So encouraging efforts, transparent evaluation and fair approach of the evaluator will not create any uncertainty or doubt in the minds of the students. So adhering to these principles will consummate our team efforts to the promising start of the student's academics.

**Course Objectives:---**

1. To introduce a general idea and basic digital circuits used for designing a microprocessor.
2. To develop assembly language programs for various algorithms.
3. To acquire knowledge of basic peripherals and their interfacing with 8086 microprocessor

4. To learn and describe the design of microprocessor based systems.
5. To identify and describe recent advancements in the microprocessor architecture.

**Course Outcomes:-**

Upon successful completion of the course, graduate shall be able to

1. Demonstrate programming using the various addressing modes and instruction set of 8086 microprocessor
2. Evaluate component requirements to solve a computing solution
3. Analyze and implement hardware and software aspects of microprocessor based systems
4. Write and execute assembly language program to perform array addition, code conversion, block transfer, sorting and string operations.
5. Demonstrate interfacing between peripherals and 8086 microprocessor.
6. Learn & apply interfacing of real world input & output devices to 8086 Microprocessor.

Sr.No	List of Laboratory Assignments
1	To study the architecture of microprocessor 8086 & perform following programs a) Addition of two 8-bit numbers b) Multiplication of two 16-bit numbers
2	Write an ALP to add array of N hexadecimal numbers stored in the memory. Accept input from the user
3	Write an ALP to accept a string and to display its length.
4	Write a program to convert 4-digit hex number into its equivalent BCD number. Make your program user friendly to accept the choice from user for : (A) HEX to BCD (B) EXIT
5	Write a program to convert 5-digit BCD number into its equivalent HEX number. Make your program user friendly to accept the choice from user for : (A) BCD to HEX (B) EXIT
6	Write 8086 Assembly language program (ALP) to Concatenate two strings entered by the user
7	Write 8086 Assembly language program (ALP) to compare two strings entered by the user
8	Write 8086 ALP to interface DAC and generate following waveforms on oscilloscope. Any two a) Square wave b) Ramp wave c) Trapezoidal wave d) Stair case wave
9	8253: Write 8086 ALP to program 8253 in various modes
10	Write ALP to interface 8086 with: Stepper motor to rotate motor with different step angles and speeds.



**G.H. Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BCOL303 THEORY OF COMPUTATION**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 03 Hours/ Week Tu: 01 Hours/ Week	<b>Credit</b> <b>04</b>	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> TAE: 20 Marks CAE: 20 Marks ESE: 60 Marks
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**Prerequisite:- Data Structures**

**Course Objectives:**

1. To understand general idea of finite state and automata theory.
2. To get aware of regular languages, context free languages and its usefulness in finite state machines.
3. Able to develop skills to provide solutions to variety of real time applications which involve finite automata.

**Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Understand basics of finite state and automata theory
2. Develop an appropriate technique for finite state problems and analyze them with selection of determined states and non-deterministic state.
3. Describe the formal Relationships among Machines, Languages and Grammar
4. Design Turing Machine and Post Machine for all input all output.
5. Convert a context-free grammar into an equivalent push down automaton.
6. Understand Recent Trends of Automata.

**Course Contents**

<b>Unit I</b>	<b>Formal Language &amp; Automata Basic Concepts</b>	<b>06 Hours</b>
closure, Languages in abstract, Defining languages, Kleene closure, Symbol /alphabets, string/word, Importance of Automata Theory. Automata- Formal Definition & Designing Finite Automata examples, Simplified Notation, Non determinism-Formal Definition & Designing Non deterministic Finite Automata, Language Acceptor: Concept, Machine as a language acceptor, example, Machine as a string processor. Finite Automata- Formal Definition & Designing Finite Automata –basic examples, Simplified Notation.		
<b>Unit II</b>	<b>Finite automata &amp; regular expressions</b>	<b>09 Hours</b>
<p><b>Finite Automata:</b> DFA, NFA: Definition and description, Transition Function of a DFA and NFA. <math>\epsilon</math>-NFA: Definition and description, Transition Function of a NFA, Conversion of <math>\epsilon</math>-NFA to NFA, Conversion of NFA to DFA, Conversion of <math>\epsilon</math>-NFA to DFA (direct method and subset construction method), Minimization of a DFA. Inter-conversion RE and FA: Construction of FA equivalent to RE using Arden's Theorem. Construction of RE equivalent to FA (RE to <math>\epsilon</math>-NFA, <math>\epsilon</math>-NFA to DFA). FA with output: Moore and Mealy machines -Definition, models, inter conversion.</p> <p><b>Regular Expressions and Languages:</b>            Regular expression, regular set, regular expressions, examples and FA. Identity Rules And Algebraic laws for R.E. Regular languages and examples. Pumping lemma for regular languages. Properties of Regular</p>		

Languages and FA: Closure and Decision properties, Limitations of FA. Limitations of R.E. Properties of Regular Languages and FA: Closure and Decision properties, Limitations of FA.		
<b>Unit III</b>	<b>Regular grammar &amp; context free grammar</b>	<b>06 Hours</b>
-Pumping lemma for regular sets- closure properties of regular sets- decision properties for regular sets, equivalence between regular language and regular grammar. Context – free languages – parse trees and ambiguity, reduction of CFGS, Chomsky and Griebach normal forms.		
<b>Unit IV</b>	<b>Push - down Automata (PDA)</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
non Determinism – acceptance by two methods and their equivalence, The Language of PDA, Equivalence of PDA's and CFG- CFG to PDA, conversion of PDA to CFG,CFLs and PDAs- closure and decision properties of CFLs Deterministic Push Down Automata (DPDA) - Regular language and DPDA, DPDA and CFL, Non-deterministic Push Down Automata (NPDA).		
<b>Unit V</b>	<b>Turing machines</b>	<b>12 Hours</b>
The Turing Machine(TM)-Notation, the language of TM, TM and Halting, Extensions to basic TM, TM and Computers. <b>Post Machine:</b> Introduction to Post Machines, Comparison between FA, PDA, Post Machine and TM. variants – recursively enumerable (r.e.) set – recursive sets, TM as computer of function – decidability and solvability – Halting Problem – reductions – Post correspondence Problem (PCP) and unsolvability of ambiguity problem of CFGs, Church’s hypothesis, Introduction to recursive function theory – primitive recursive and partial recursive functions.		
<b>Unit VI</b>	<b>Trends and Applications of Automata</b>	<b>04 Hours</b>
Recent trends in Theory of computation, Advanced topics & its Application-Attributed Grammar, Contextual Grammar, Concurrent Grammar, Formal methods in concurrency, Graph Grammar, Aspect of Concurrency in Graph Grammar, set theoretic approaches to Graph Grammar, Graph Grammar for parallel computation		
<b>Books:</b>		
<b>Text:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mishra and Chandrashekharan, ‘ Theory Of Computer Science’</li> <li>2. Introduction of Automata Theory, Languages and computation- J.E. Hopcroft, J.D.Ulman, Pearson education.</li> <li>3. Introduction to the Theory of Computation (2nd ed.), Sipser, Michael, Course Technology Inc, 2005.</li> </ol>		
<b>Reference Books</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reference: John Martin, ‘Introduction Of Automata Theory, Languages and computation’</li> <li>2. Peter Linz, ‘Introduction to formal languages and automata’,Norasa,2000.</li> </ol>		

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BITL205 GRAPH THEORY AND COMBINATORICS**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 03 Hours/ Week TU: 01 Hours/ Week	<b>Credit</b> <b>04</b>	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> TAE: 20 Marks CAE: 20 Marks ESE: 60 Marks
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**Prerequisite:-** Engineering Mathematics III

**Course Objectives:**

1. To use appropriate set, function and relation models to understand practical examples, and interpret the associated operations and terminologies in context.
2. Learn graphs and trees using different data structures.
3. Formulate problems precisely, solve the problems and apply groups and rings .
4. Introduce combinatorial structures and apply algebraic techniques to combinatorial problems.

**Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Solve real world problems logically using appropriate set theory concepts
2. Analyze concepts of number theory
3. Analyze concepts of relations and combinatory
4. Understand concepts of groups and rings.
5. Analyze data structure used to represent different kinds of objects viz Graph, Trees
6. Understand the basics of combinatorial structure and develop algebraic technique to solve combinational problems.

**Course Contents**

<b>Unit I</b>	<b>Logic and Set theory</b>	<b>09 Hours</b>
Propositional logic, application of propositional logic, propositional equivalences, predicates and quantifiers, normal forms, mathematical induction, sets, finite and infinite sets, un-countable infinite set, set operation, function, cardinality of sets		
<b>Unit II</b>	<b>Number Theory</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
Divisibility and modular arithmetic, integer representations and algorithms, primes and greatest common divisors, solving congruence, applications of congruence		
<b>Unit III</b>	<b>Relation</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Relation, closure of relation, warshall algorithm, equivalence relation, matrix of relation, transitive closure of relation, partial ordering relation, hasse diagram, recurrence relation, linear recurrence relation with constant coefficient		
<b>Unit IV</b>	<b>Groups and Rings</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
Algebraic systems, groups, semi group, monoid, subgroup, homomorphism, permutations groups,		

properties of cyclic groups, generator of group, quotient group, rings, fields, integral domain, group codes, : hamming distance

<b>Unit V</b>	<b>Graphs Theory and Trees</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
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Graph terminology, types of graph connected graphs, components of graph, incidence and adjacency matrices, isomorphism, cut vertices, cut edges, Euler graph, Hamiltonian path and circuits, Graph coloring, Chromatic number.

Tree: Definition, types of tree (rooted, binary), properties of trees, binary search tree, tree traversing (preorder, inorder, postorder), Minimum Spanning trees.

<b>Unit VI</b>	<b>Combinatorics</b>	<b>06 Hours</b>
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Definition of generating functions and examples, proof of simple combinatorial identities, Probability, G.F.  $p(t) = \sum p_n t^n$ ,  $E(x) = p'(t)$ , examples.

Permutation, Combination, binomial coefficient & identifier, generation of permutation and combination

**Books:**

**Text:**

1. Kenneth Rosen. Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill Publishing Co., 2012.
2. Discrete Mathematical structure with application to computer science by Trembley & Manohar (Mc. Graw Hill)
3. Discrete Mathematical Structure by Kolmann, Busby & Ross (PHI)

**Reference:**

1. C.L. Liu, 'Element of Discrete Mathematics' 2<sup>nd</sup> second edition TMH 2000
2. John Truss, 'Discrete Mathematics' Addison Wesley, 2000.
3. K. D. Joshi, 'Foundations of Discrete Mathematical' Willey Eastern.
4. M. L. Khanna, 'Modern Algebra', Jai Prakash Nath & Company Meeru.

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BCOL206 OPERATING SYSTEM**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 04 Hours/ Week	<b>Credit</b> 04	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> TAE: 20 Marks CAE: 20 Marks ESE: 60 Marks
<b>Prerequisite:- NA</b>		
<b>Course Objectives:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.To introduce general idea, structure and functions of operating system</li> <li>2. To make aware of basic mechanisms used to handle processes, manages memory, and manages storage devices and files.</li> <li>3.To provide the details of designing operating systems</li> </ol>		
<b>Course Outcomes:</b>		
Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 . Describe Basics of operating system</li> <li>2. Identify mechanism to handle processes, memory, I/O devices, and files and develop an appropriate algorithm for it.</li> <li>3. Analyze Memory management in operating System.</li> <li>4. Understand concept of management of process and their Synchronization.</li> <li>5. Apply the concept of deadlocks on advanced applications.</li> <li>6. Identify and understand advanced operating systems, its advantages and features.</li> </ol>		
<b>Course Contents</b>		
<b>Unit I</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>06 Hours</b>
Evolution of OS, Types of OS, Basic hardware support necessary for modern operating systems, services provided by OS, system programs and system calls, system design and implementation.		
<b>Unit II</b>	<b>Process Scheduling and Synchronization</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Process concept, process control block, Types of scheduler, context switch, threads, multi threading model, IPC concept, types of IPC, Goals of scheduling and different scheduling algorithms, Concurrency conditions, Critical section problem, software and hardware solution, semaphores, conditional critical regions and monitors, classical inter process communication problems.		
<b>Unit III</b>	<b>Deadlocks detection &amp; avoidance</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Deadlock definitions, Prevention, Avoidance, detection and Recovery, Goals of Protection,		

access matrix, Deadlock implementation, Recent trends in Operating System, Introduction to Advanced OS & its Application

**Unit IV**

**Memory Management**

**07 Hours**

Contiguous allocation, Relocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with paging, demand paging , Virtual Memory Concepts, page faults and instruction restart , page replacement algorithms , working sets , Locality of reference, Thrashing, Garbage Collection .

**Unit V**

**File Systems**

**08 Hours**

File systems: File concept, Access methods, Disk space management and space allocation strategies, directory structures, Recovery, Log-structured File System, disk arm scheduling strategies, File system of windows ,Linux, android.

**Unit VI**

**Device Management**

**08 Hours**

**Secondary-Storage Structure:** Overview of Mass-Storage Structure, Disk Structure, Disk Attachment, Disk Scheduling, Disk Management, Swap-Space Management, RAID Structure.

**I/O Systems :** Overview, I/O Hardware, Application I/O Interface, Kernel I/O Subsystem, Transforming I/O Requests to Hardware Operations, STREAMS.

**Books:**

**Text:**

1. Operating System concepts – Silberchatz& Galvin, Addison Wesley, 6th Edn.
2. Modern Operating Systems – Tanenbaum, Pearson Edn. 2ndedn.

**Reference:**

1. Operating Systems – S R Sathe, Macmillan Publishers, India, 2008
2. Operating System –Milan Milenkovic, McGraw-Hill, 1987
3. Operating Systems - 3rd Edition by Gary Nutt, Pearson Education.

**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BCOP206 OPERATING SYSTEM**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> PR: 04 Hours/ Week	<b>Credit</b> 02	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> Cont. Ass: 25 Marks Ext. : 25 Marks Total: 50 Marks
<p><b>Guidelines for Instructor's Manual</b>  The instructor's manual is to be developed as a hands-on resource and reference. The instructor's manual need to include prologue (about University/program/ institute/ department/foreword/ preface etc), University syllabus, conduction &amp; Assessment guidelines, topics under consideration-concept, objectives, outcomes.</p>		
<p><b>Guidelines for Student's Lab Journal</b>  The laboratory assignments are to be submitted by student in the form of journal. Journal consists of prologue, Certificate, table of contents, and <b>handwritten write-up</b> of each assignment (Title, Objectives, Problem Statement, Outcomes, software &amp; Hardware requirements, Date of Completion, Assessment grade/marks and assessor's sign, Theory- Concept, conclusion/analysis).  As a conscious effort and little contribution towards Green IT and environment awareness, attaching printed papers as part of write-ups and program listing to journal may be avoided.</p>		
<p><b>Guidelines for Lab /TW Assessment</b>  Continuous assessment of laboratory work is done based on overall performance and lab performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment should assign grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficiency, punctuality and neatness.</p>		
<p><b>Guidelines for Laboratory Conduction</b>  The instructor is expected to frame the assignments by understanding the prerequisites, technological aspects, utility and recent trends related to the topic. The assignment framing policy need to address the average students and inclusive of an element to attract and promote the intelligent students. The instructor may set multiple sets of assignments and distribute among batches of students. It is appreciated if the assignments are based on real world problems/applications.</p>		
<p><b>Guidelines for Practical Examination</b>  Both internal and external examiners should jointly set problem statements. During practical assessment, the expert evaluator should give the maximum weight age to the satisfactory implementation of the problem statement. The supplementary and relevant questions may be asked at the time of evaluation to test the student's for advanced learning, understanding of the fundamentals, effective and efficient implementation. So encouraging efforts, transparent evaluation and fair approach of the evaluator will not create any uncertainty or doubt in the minds of the students. So adhering to these principles will consummate our team efforts to the promising start of the student's academics.</p>		
<p><b>Course Objectives:---</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To introduce basics of shell programming concepts.</li> <li>2. To develop skills to write shell scripts in Linux environment.</li> <li>3. To design Shell scripts applications from simple to massive.</li> </ol>		
<p><b>Course Outcomes:-</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Understand and execute basic commands of shell scripts.</li> <li>2. Apply basic operations in shell scripts to different applications.</li> </ol>		

3. Implement the concept of file systems using shell script.
4. Apply concept of creating new process from parent process.
5. Apply concept of virtual file and execute basic commands on it.

Sr.No	List of Laboratory Assignments
1	Study of Unix/Linux general purpose utility command list obtained from (man, who,cat, cd, cp, ps, ls, mv, rm, mkdir, rmdir, echo, more, date, time, kill, history, chmod,chown, finger, pwd, cal, logout, shutdown) commands.
2	Write a shell script to write your user name as a banner and send to the printer.
3	Write a shell script to print the first five arguments in reverse order.
4	Write a shell script that gives how many times that person is logged on.
5	Write a shell script program to check whether given file is a directory or not.
6	Write a shell script that takes a "uid" as an argument and prints that person's name, home directory, shell and group number, and other groups that person may belongs to.
7	Write a shell script program to develop a scientific calculator
8	Write a program for creating child process by fork () command.
9	Write a shell script program to check variable attributes of file and processes.
10	Write an IPC program using pipe. Process A accepts a character string and Process B inverses the string. Pipe is used to establish communication between A and B processes using Python or C++.
11	Use Python for Socket Programming to connect two or more PCs to share a text file.
12	Write a program in C++ to read display the i-node information for a given text file, image file.
13	Write a program in Python/C++ to test that computer is booted with Legacy Boot ROM BIOS or UEFI.
14	Write program in python for Reader writer problem.
15	Create an iso boot image using open source tools.



**G.H.Raisoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BITL206 DATA COMMUNICATION**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 04 Hours/ Week	<b>Credit</b> 04	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> TAE: 20 Marks CAE: 20 Marks ESE: 60 Marks
<b>Prerequisite:-</b> Basic Electronics Engineering		
<b>Course Objectives:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To introduce basics of data communication and techniques used to transfer data.</li> <li>2. Identify various types of transmission media and interfaces in network</li> <li>3. Introduce various analog and digital services for data communication</li> <li>4. Understand various multiplexing techniques</li> <li>5. Understand advanced techniques such as Data encoding and Compression.</li> </ol>		
<b>Course Outcomes:</b>		
Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Explain Data Communication System and its components.</li> <li>2. Summarize signal conversions techniques for digital communication</li> <li>3. Identify and categorize various types of transmission media</li> <li>4. Describe various analog and digital services for data communication</li> <li>5. Evaluate bandwidth utilization using multiplexing techniques</li> <li>6. Implement advanced techniques such as Data encoding and Compression for image processing Applications</li> </ol>		
<b>Course Contents</b>		
<b>Unit I</b>	<b>Signals</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
ANALOG AND DIGITAL: Analog and digital data, Analog and digital signals; PERIODIC AND APERIODIC SIGNALS, TIME AND FREQUENCY DOMAINS; COMPOSITE SIGNALS: Frequency spectrum and Bandwidth; DIGITAL SIGNALS: Decomposition of digital signal; TRANSMISSION MODES: Serial and Parallel transmission, Asynchronous and Synchronous Transmission, Simplex, Half-Duplex and Full-Duplex communication		
<b>Unit II</b>	<b>Digital Communication</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
Basic communication system, Bit rate/ baud rate, Sampling Rate, How many Bits per Sample? , Shannon theorem, ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERSION: Pulse Code Modulation (PCM), DPCM, ADPCM, DM, ADM DIGITAL-TO-DIGITAL CONVERSION: Unipolar, Polar, Bipolar; Block encoding, Scrambling		
<b>Unit III</b>	<b>Interfaces and Modems</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
DIGITAL DATA TRANSMISSION: Parallel transmission, Serial Transmission; DTE-DCE INTERFACE: Data Terminal Equipment (DTE), Data Circuit-Terminating Equipment (DEC), Standards, EIA-232 Interface; OTHER INTERFACE STANDARDS: EIA-449, EIA-530		
<b>Unit IV</b>	<b>Communication Media</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>
GUIDED MEDIA: Twisted pair cable, Coaxial cable, Optical Fiber cable; UNGUIDED MEDIA: Radio frequency allocation, Propagation of Radio waves, Terrestrial microwave, Satellite communication, Cellular Telephony; TRANSMISSION IMPAIRMENTS: Attenuation, Distortion, Noise; PERFORMANCE: Throughput, Propagation Speed, Propagation time		
<b>Unit V</b>	<b>MULTIPLEXING</b>	<b>07 Hours</b>

FREQUENCY DIVISION MULTIPLEXING (FDM), TIME DIVISION MULTIPLEXING (TDM): Inverse Multiplexing, WAVE-DIVISION MULTIPLEXING, CDMA, HSPA. HSUPA, LTE MULTIPLEXING APPLICATIONS: THE TELEPHONE SYSTEM: Common carrier services and hierarchies, Analog services, Digital Services, FTTC: FTTC in the Telephone Network, FTTC in the Cable TV Network.

**Unit VI**

**Data Compression**

**07 Hours**

Huffman code, Run-Length Encoding, Relative Encoding, Lempel-Ziv Encoding, Image Compression, JPEG, MPEG, Recent trends and advanced topic on Data Communication

**Books:**

**Text:**

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan , 'Data Communications and Networking', 4th edition, Tata McGraw Hill
2. Kennedy, 'Electronic communication Systems'

**Reference:**

1. William A. Shay, 'Understanding Data Communications and Networks', 2nd Edition, Vikas Publishing House.
2. Fred Halsall, 'Data communication', Pearson Education.
3. [http://www.tutorialspoint.com/lte/lte\\_quick\\_guide.html](http://www.tutorialspoint.com/lte/lte_quick_guide.html)

**G.H. Rasoni College of Engineering & Management, Pune**  
**Second Year of Information Technology (2017 Course)**  
**BITGP207 GENERAL PROFICIENCY - III : Hobby Classes**

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b> TH: 01 Hours/Week PR: 02 Hours/Week	<b>Credit</b> <b>Audit Course</b>	<b>Examination Scheme:</b> --
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**Hobby Classes**

**Course Objectives:**

1. To enhance the inherent qualities of oneself and provide a platform to show hidden talents
2. To nurture one's special capability and interest in activities like sports, drama, singing etc.
3. To help express oneself and be more compatible with outer world in the hobby domain.
4. To enhance creativity & imagination to flow freely.

**Course Outcomes:**

**Upon successful completion of the course students will be able to:**

1. Explore and demonstrate the inherent talents within
2. Fruitfully engage themselves in creative activities during spare time.
3. Create balance between academic & work life.
4. Act as a stress buster in the stressed life.
5. Develop self-expression and communication skills.
6. Learn a new skill and increase self-confidence and boosts self esteem.

<b>Topics</b>	<b>Activities</b>
Stress management sessions	Yoga, pranayam, meditation, relaxation techniques
Outdoor activities	Nature walks, treks, cycling, horse riding
Painting	Canvas, fabric , Sketching, knife, glass
Music (vocals and instrument)	Singing, Guitar, Synthesizer, Harmonium, Piano, Flute
Dance	Bharatnatyam, Kathak
Indoor sports	Chess, carom, table tennis
Movie club	Motivational movies and documentaries to be shown
Other creative skills	Embroidery , knitting, use of making things from waste materials, photography, puzzle solving

# Department of Information Technology

## VISION

To evolve as a center of excellence by developing a competent team of engineers, researchers, academicians, entrepreneurs and to prepare them ready for accepting rapid advancements in the field of Information Technology.

## MISSION

The Department strives to:

1. Achieve excellence in teaching learning process by imparting quality and value based education to the students through rigorous implementation of innovations in IT curriculum.
2. To produce competent IT professionals to contribute towards advancement of engineering and technology for the betterment of society.
3. To encourage faculty and students to get involved in Outcome based research and development activities